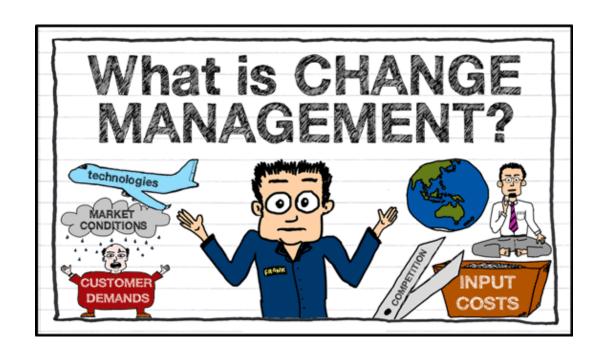


Topics

- Context around change and change management
- Recognizing change
- Traditional Waterfall approach to change
- Agile approach to change
- Agile vs. Waterfall
- Practices and Takeaways





Some words about change...

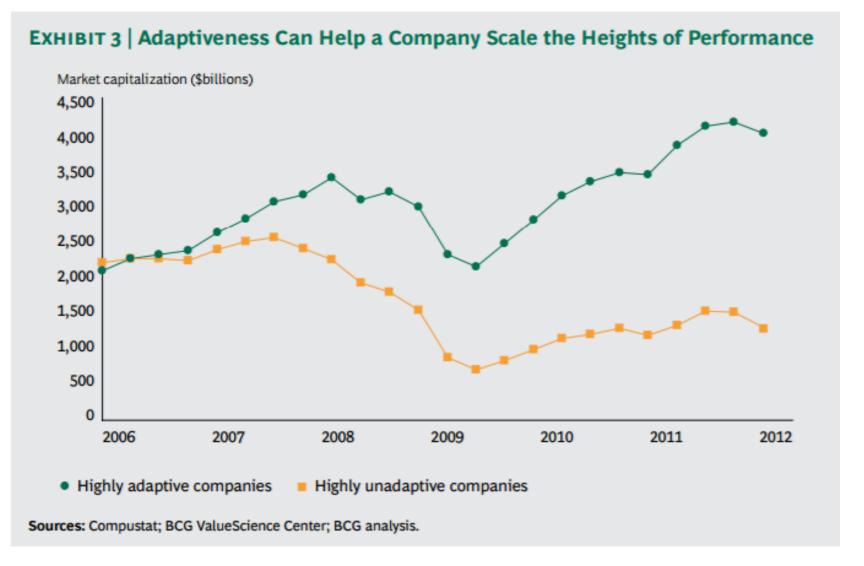
It is not the biggest businesses that survive nor the most intelligent,

But the ones most responsive to change.

Charles Darwin (with a little help from business people)



Being adaptive pays off...#literally



Source: Boston Consulting Group, "Winning in an Age of Turbulence", 2012 accessed via www.bcg.com/documents/file112829.pdf



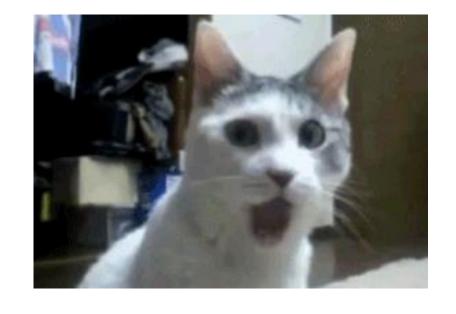
The value of adaptiveness

- Adaptiveness creates both short-term and long-term value
- Adaptiveness creates a performance gap between the top performers and the rest of the pack
- Adaptiveness predicts future performance
- The value [placed upon] adaptiveness is increasing



So why do we freak out with change?

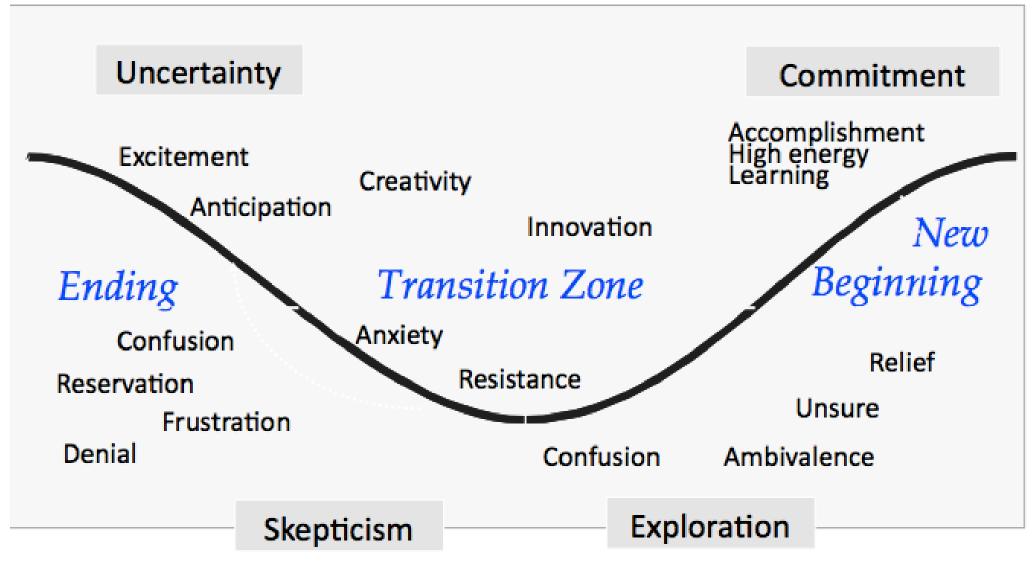
"... change is a complex phenomenon. It takes more time and nurturing than change agents often wish and is always difficult for those affected. Change involves loss of comfortable and well-understood patterns, processes, relationships and roles."



Source: Gallos, Joan V., "Loss and Change: A Developmental Opportunity for Teaching Wisdom, Compassion, and Respect for the Human Condition Using Joan Didion's *The Year of Magical Thinking*", *Academy of Management Learning and Education*, June 2007



Managing Change: New Beginning Phase



Adapted from Managing Transitions, William Bridges



Let's put some context around the term "change"

For your project, change can represent:

- Something new and unexpected
- A variation in what, how, or when you were planning to do something
- Can represent "more" money, time, resources
- May be a disruptive element if left unchecked
- Sometimes, for some, it's a nicer way of saying "Scope Creep"...





Recognizing Change

- Change is ever present
 - Can you name one project where you didn't have any change?
- Key phrases indicating a change is coming include
 - I have been meaning to ask you about this new feature...
 - I was thinking we can...
 - What if we do it this way...
 - I forgot about…







- 1. Change is often "in the eye of the beholder"
- 2. While there may be small change(s), think about sum of all changes together...



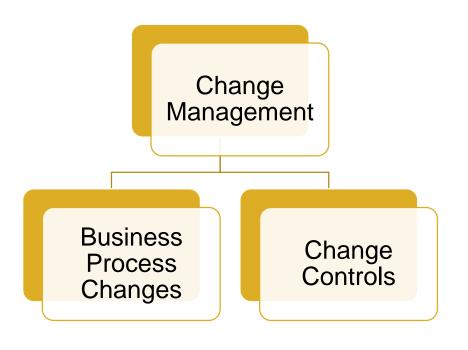
Traditionally, what is a Change Management?

- Most have experienced Change Management as a formal process to ensure that changes are introduced in a <u>controlled</u> and <u>coordinated</u> manner
- Business Process Changes:

Changes proposed by the business to improve the day-to-day work efforts of the business teams such as automating a manual process

Change Controls

Scope change for items that were not in the original scope such as an additional interface to collect data from a secondary system





Traditional (Abbreviated) Waterfall Change Control Process

- 1 Identify the Change
- Identify the need for a change, gather all the details necessary to have a good understanding of the item
- Record,
 Classify,
 Prioritize
- Capture all the details regarding the requested change
- Classify change request: new or clarification of an existing requirement?
- Prioritize the change against all other requirements
- Assess Impact
- Assess the impact of the change to the business value
- Assess the impact the change will have to the project (effort, timeline, financials)
- 4 Re-plan
- Decision the change through the Change Request Control Board
- If approved, integrate into plan and deploy impact
- If rejected, record why it was rejected







What should we do?



Manifesto for Agile Software Development

We are uncovering better ways of developing software by doing it and helping others do it. Through this work we have come to value:

Individuals and interactions over processes and tools
Working software over comprehensive documentation
Customer collaboration over contract negotiation
Responding to change over following a plan

That is, while there is value in the items on the right, we value the items on the left more.

Source: http://agilemanifesto.org



Scrum is an Empirical Process

- Scrum is based upon applying an empirical process control mindset
 - -An empirical process embraces change versus discouraging it
- The 3 components of any empirical process are:
 - -Inspection
 - –Adaptation
 - –Transparency



Source: Sutherland, Schwaber, "The Scrum Guide", 2016

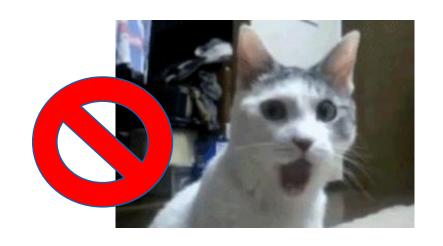


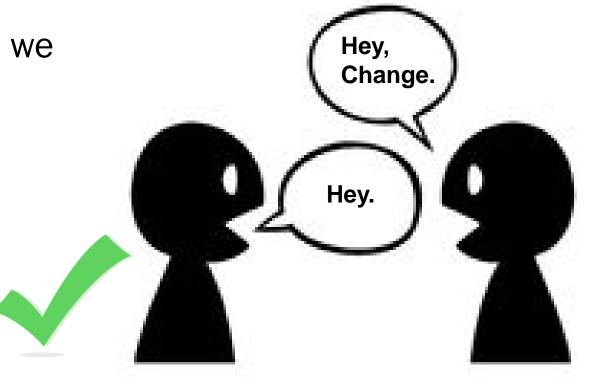
Implications of Change

 Just one major benefit to using an Agile approach is to harness information to help drive greater value and reduce risk

Change is unpredictable, but expected

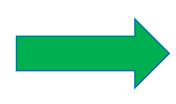
How to acknowledge change when we see it, but not panic







Benefits Obtained from Implementing Agile



Ability to	manage	changing	priorities

Increased team productivity

BENEFIT

Improved project visibility

Increased team morale/motivation

Better delivery predictability

Faster time to market

Enhanced software quality

Reduced project risk

Improved business/IT alignment

Improved engineering discipline

Enhanced software maintainability

Better manage distributed teams

GOT BETTER	NO CHANGE	GOT WORSE	DON'T KNOW
87 %	3 %	1%	9%
85 %	3 %	1%	11%
84%	3 %	1%	12 %
81%	5 %	3 %	11%
81%	6%	2 %	11%
80%	7 %	1%	13%
79 %	6%	2 %	14%
78 %	6%	1%	15 _%
77 %	6%	1%	16 _%
73 %	7 %	2 %	19 _%
70 %	8%	2 %	21%
62 %	11%	2 %	25%

^{*}Respondents were able to make multiple selections.

Source: 10th Annual State of Agile Survey, VersionOne, 2016.



Where change appears in a Sprint

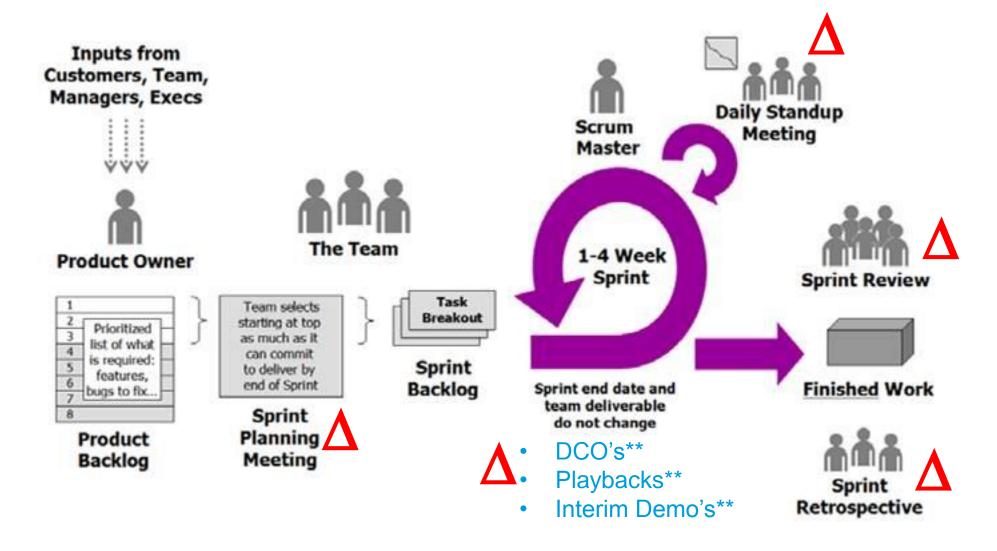
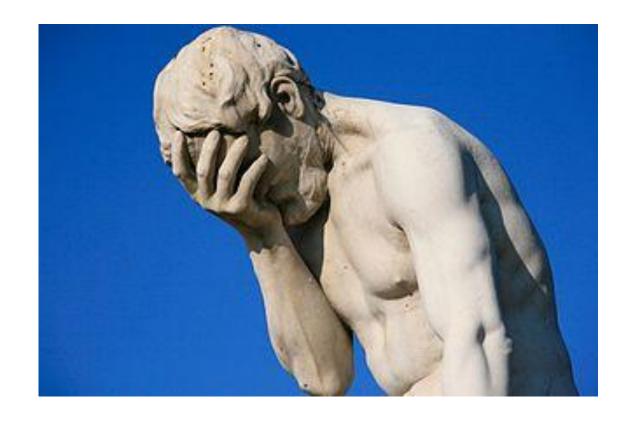


Image Source: http://www.sadhanbiswas.com/myblog/wp-content/uploads/2009/06/2010/08/agile-Scrum.jpg



What not to change in a sprint...

- Sprint end dates
- Sprint goals
- Definition of Done
- Team members

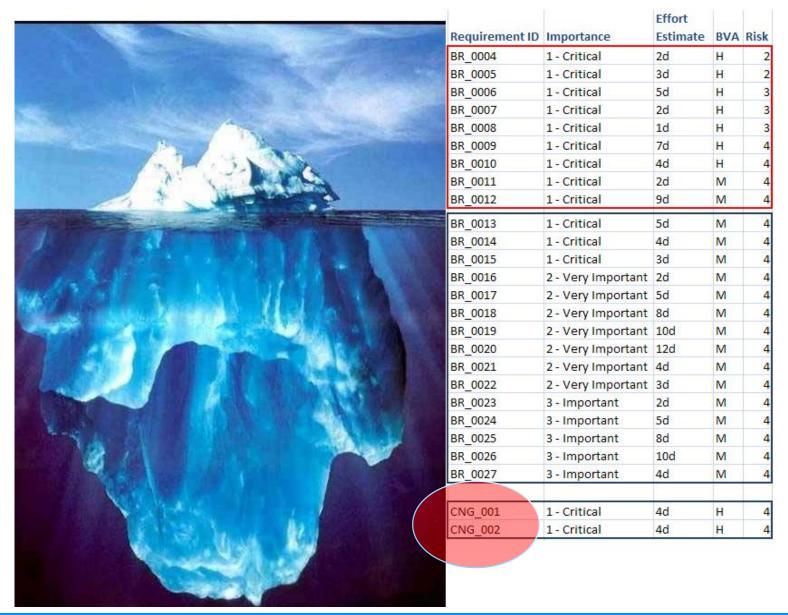


Role of Change in Scrum: Exploit feedback to maximize business value

- Change requests can be added (revised) to the backlog at any time
 - Recommend to "hold" requests in a "New" or "Proposed" state
 - Prevent too many "small" changes flooding the team for analysis
 - Several times a week, evaluate proposals with a small team
 - 3 (or more) Champions approach (typically leads from multiple perspectives, such as business, technology, quality, UX, arch, etc.)
 - Does this make sense? More Info needed?
 - Any impacts to release?
 - Can we size and/or task work?
 - Do we agree with proposer's suggested criticality/priority?
 - Story gets prioritized, just like any backlog item
 - If high enough priority, then bring in team, continue refining and then size



Change Request- Example: Release Duration set to 35 days



In Scope for Current Release-

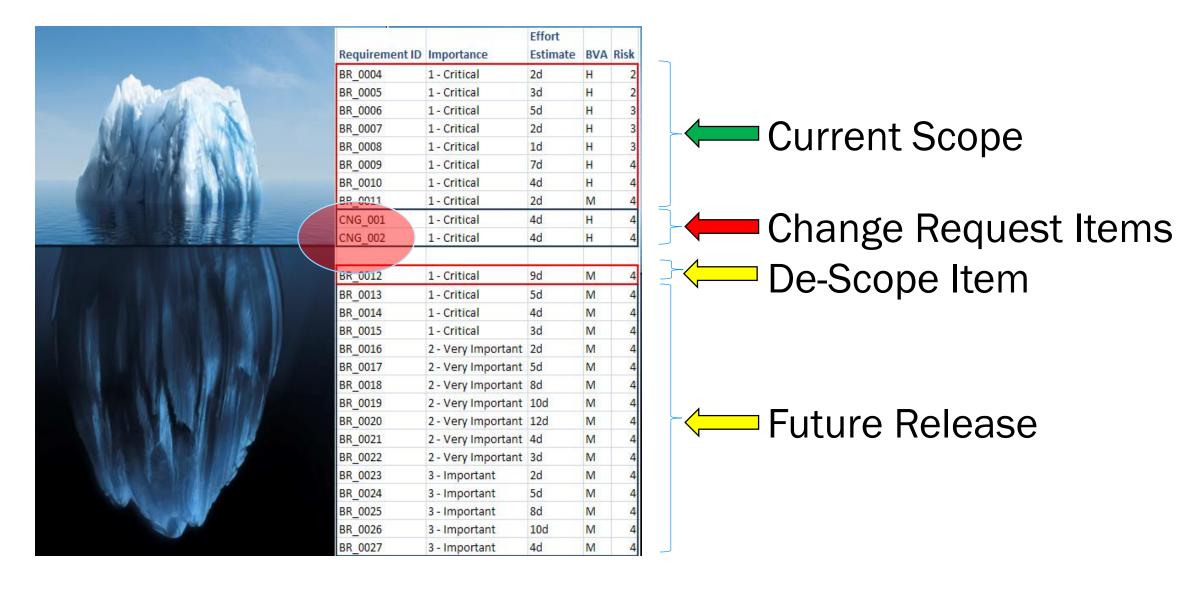
Total Effort Estimate: 35 days

Future Release

Proposed Change Request Items added to Backlog



Incorporating Change Request into existing Release duration





Roles & Responsibilities

Your Product Owner should be empowered to make these prioritization decisions

 If your PO must get approval before proceeding, then this is a sign your PO is not empowered...



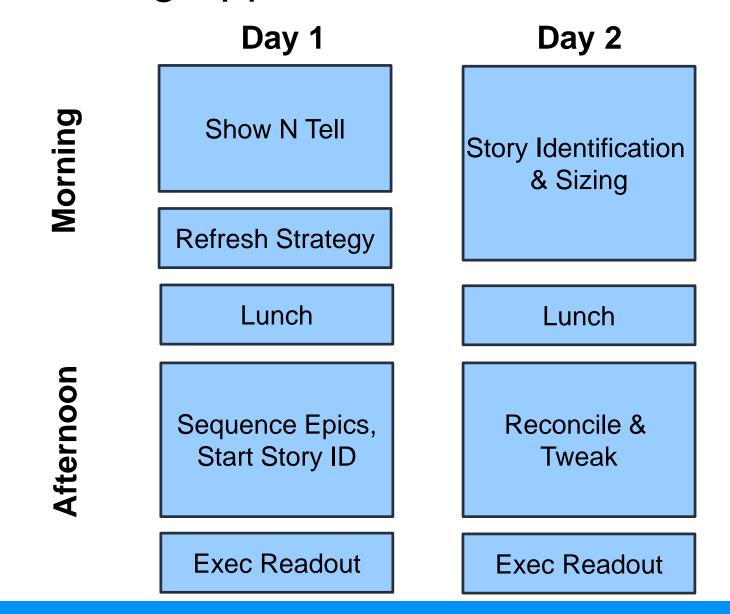


Roadmap: Example Template

April June August October Pilot CC Full CC exp'n/Mobile POC First CC expansion Second CC expansion R1 (to PROD) R2 (to PROD) R4 (to PROD) R3 (to PROD) • For client subgroup #1, For remaining client • For client subgroups 2- For client subgroups submit claim request for 4, submit claim request 5-10, submit claim subgroups, submit autos via call center claim request for autos for autos via call center request for autos via via call center call center Pilot POC for mobile Create POC for mobile with subgroup #1 app Simple 2 forms (data Update/expand 2 Revise forms with Monitor performance entry, data validation) forms with feedback critical/moderate Run mobile POC Send data to sub 2. Auto validate with client subset improvements and system to initiate processing bug fixes (TBD) Revise forms with processing confirmation Validate Validate manually in Auto send email performance critical/moderate sub system confirmation Establish POC for improvements as Manually send email Validate/revise mobile (customer needed confirmation training materials driven) claim submission



Release Planning Approach Overview



Day 1 Afternoon / Day 2 Morning – In Action...

- Epics are printed from system for all items in release for all teams (both Agile and WF)
- Business and Technology force-rank prioritize
 - Items at top of table are highest priority
- Estimate / confirm size of epic(s)
 - Teams given preset # of stickies, representing available time
 - Color-coded by team
 - Teams put stickies on stories
- Understand dependencies between teams
 - Orange stickies represent critical dependencies





Do I still need a Change Control Board?

- Actually, it is recommended
 - Not all your projects in your organization may be "Agile" or "Scrum"
- Agile doesn't mean "free reign for everybody." There needs to be reasonable guardrails. Reasonable...
- Need to have clear threshold / intake criteria, such as:
 - Does it impact teams outside of your project or program?
 - Is there a financial limit (e.g. do as long as its 1 sprint or less of work, with a certain burn rate per sprint)?
 - Do you impact overall release timeframe?
 - Does this impact core vision of company? Product?



Tips for Change Management in Agile

- Make sure understanding of embracing change is expected from project inception
 - Project Charter / Kickoff
 - Clear roles & responsibilities
 - Product Owners, Stakeholders in Reviews, Teams, etc.
 - Guardrails for a change management board
 - Expected behaviors for change
- Hold those involved to expected behaviors during product builds
 - Especially for management and customers/stakeholders
 - Takes greater discipline to be self-organized
 - With great power comes greater responsibility...



Recap & Key Nuggets...





Comparing Change of Agile vs. Traditional Waterfall

Concept	Waterfall	Agile
Philosophy of Change	Tends to favor resisting change	Exploit the change
Change Management Process	External "process" to manage change	Change built into the "process" and roles/responsibilities
People Involved	Change control board	Teams, Product Owners
Levels of "permissible" change (authority)	Should be defined	Should be defined

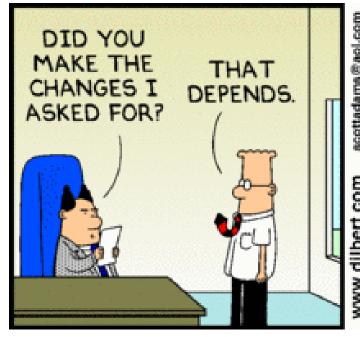


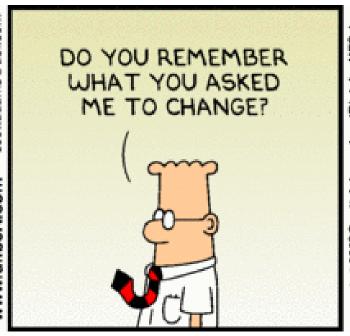
Key Takeaways

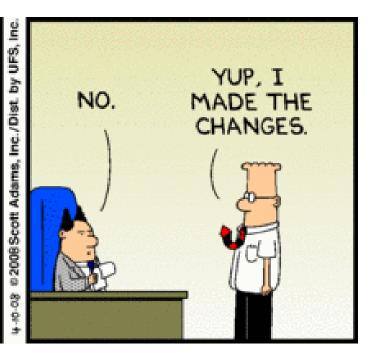
- Document and communicate the change management plan. Change Management is everybody's job!
- 2. Make sure all impacted areas are made aware of the Change
- 3. Change Control Review Board is a great mechanism to manage and monitor change; establish clear threshold
- 4. An individual Change Request may not be too impactful, but collectively, Change Requests will likely distract the team and potentially negatively impact the project
- 5. Before accepting a Change into your scope, always ask WHY this is important to the project objectives. Don't forget about the "So That" clause of your User Story...
- 6. Resist the temptation to give an estimate without reasonable analysis
- 7. If managed correctly, change even rapid change can become the key to business success



And when all else fails....













The 2015 Scrum Series – Available for Replay!

Getting Started With Agile Scrum



September 23rd, 10:00 am EDT

What are the key considerations, enablement approaches, and practical tips on how to get started with agile?

Managing Offshore Relationships

October 28th, 10:00 am EDT

Learn how to overcome the challenges of cultural differences and time zone issues to enable informal communications and teamwork.

Testing in Scrum

November 23rd, 10:00 am EST

Join this webinar to learn what tools and practices are available for testing and discover what "good enough" means.

Agile Best Practices

December 16th, 10:00 am EST

Transitioning to agile is a journey. Join this webinar and tackle what makes agile transitions successful.

Building an Effective Scrum Team



October 14th, 10:00 am EDT

Learn who should be on a scrum team and how to staff one to achieve your goals.

Getting to "Done"

November 12th, 10:00 am EST

What is the definition of "done" when project teams develop in relatively short cycles and change is anticipated and welcomed?

Agile Metric Mythbusters

December 9th, 10:00 am EST

Join this webinar to learn more about what to measure, how to measure it, and what it all means in an agile environment.

www.pega.com/agile

